

## **Adjectives**

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#### WHAT IS AN ADJECTIVE?

An adjective is a word or phrase that describes a **noun** or **pronoun** with another word or phrase that gives more information about how something looks, smells, sounds, tastes, or feels. Some pronouns function as adjectives as well.

Adjectives answer these questions:

- What kind? **blue** car, **calico** cat
- Which one? **this** school, **those** people
- How many? **five** children, **both** teachers
- Whose? **my** book, **her** backpack

#### **TYPES OF ADJECTIVES**

1. **Descriptive adjectives** are the most common adjective. They give information about a noun or pronoun by answering the question *what kind*: how something looks, sounds, smells, tastes, or feels.

**Examples:** small, orange, young, hungry, angry **orange** shirt, **hungry** squirrel

- 2. Pronouns used as adjectives:
  - a. Possessive pronouns: my, your, his, her, its, our, their, one's

**Examples:** I change **my** hairstyle at least once a year.

After dinner with friends, Michelle went to **their** house.

b. Pronouns that identify which one: this, that, these, those

**Examples:** I would like to buy **this** sandwich.

**Those** sunflowers are taller than I am.

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c. Interrogative pronouns, that ask questions to clarify *which one*: **what, which, whose.** 

**Examples:** What assignment is that?

Which book is yours?

Whose pencil do you have?

**Note:** The question words **why** and **when** are adverbs, not adjectives.

d. Indefinite pronouns that do not identify a specific number, person, place, or time: **another**, **each**, **both**, **many**, **any**, **some**, **no**, **either**, **neither**.

**Examples:** I will watch the movie **another** time.

You can use **either** idea for your paper. This lunch is for **any** person who wants it.

3. **Numbers**. When a number is used to describe a noun or pronoun, it is an adjective: **two, three, four**, etc; **fifth, sixth, seventh,** etc.

**Examples:** He needed **two** bricks to finish the landscaping project.

Today is my brother's **eighteenth** birthday.

- 4. **Articles**. There are only three articles, and they are used before nouns to clarify whether the noun should be considered a general reference or a specific reference.
  - a. Indefinite articles: a, an

**Examples:** A cat slept on my porch.

**An** open window provided a cool breeze.

b. Definite article: **the** 

**Examples:** The black and white cat slept on my porch.

**The** open window in my bedroom provided a breeze.



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#### THE FUNCTION AND POSITION OF ADJECTIVES

Adjectives are usually near the nouns or pronouns they modify:

Before the noun being modified or before the indefinite pronoun one.

**Examples:** The **industrious** student visited the Writing Center often.

That student is the **only** one to miss five days in a row.

After a linking verb to modify the subject of the sentence.

**Examples:** The teacher seems **knowledgeable.** 

The room smells **musty**.

After the direct object in the sentence.

**Examples:** I want that essay **perfect.** 

The assignment is driving me **crazy**.

After an indefinite pronoun.

**Examples:** Something **small** and **shiny** would be nice.

None **sweeter** could be tasted.

#### SENSORY ADJECTIVE EXAMPLES

#### **TASTE**

acidic	creamy	nutty	savory	sweet
appetizing	delicate	peppery	sharp	stale
bitter	delicious	pickled	smoked	tangy
bland	gooey	ripe	sour	tart
briny	hot	rotting	spicy	tasteless
cool	juicy	salty	stale	tasty



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#### **TOUCH**

#### **SMELL**

aromatic balmy bitter	floral fragrant fresh	nutty perfumed pungent	smoky spicy stale
burning	fruity	putrid	stinky
choking	juicy	redolent	strong
clean	mild	rich	sweet
delicious	musky	rotten	
fetid	musty	salty	

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#### **SIGHT**

beefy
billowy
blazing
brilliant
broad
burly
chubby
cloudy
corpulent
crooked
crowded
drab
dreary
dull
flashy

flickering forked fragile gangly gaudy gaunt gigantic glittering gloomy glowing graceful grotesque healthy hefty lanky

lofty
lustrous
misty
muscular
ominous
pallid
petite
polished
portly
puny
radiant
rotting
rotund
scrawny
shattered

spacious sparkling statuesque steep stout sunny swollen tapering towering trim unsightly voluminous wizened youthful

slender

#### SOUND

banging barking blaring booming buzzing clamoring clashing cooing crashing crunching deafening dissonant

earsplitting
faint
purring
quivering
resonant
growling
gurgling
harmonious
hoarse
howling
humming
lulling

melodic moaning monotone muffled mumbled murmured muttered popping ringing roaring shrieking shrill snapping snarling thundering thunderous wailing wheezing whimpering whispered whistling



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#### **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

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	uic	Dialik	VVICII	an	appropriate	ucscriptive	aujective.

1.	Conner wore a shirt.
2.	The medicine tasted
3.	Her shoes look
4.	The cat pounced on the toy.
5.	There's something in the oven that smells
Fill in	the blank with <b>what, which</b> , or <b>whose</b> .
1.	type of cake do you want?
2.	coat is this?
3.	lunch is yours?
4.	car is parked in the driveway?
5.	movie should I watch tonight?
Fill in	the blank with an appropriate possessive pronoun that acts as an adjective.
1.	The sparrow fluttered wings as it hopped toward a puddle of water.
2.	Sarah wore new purse on shoulder.
3.	The choir knew director would guide them through performance smoothly.
4.	house is the two-story green one.
5.	This apple isn't mine, so it must be apple.



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Fill in the blank with an appropriate indefinite pronoun that acts as an adjective.

1.	Professor Lee told students they could borrow of his pens or pencils.
2.	I have seen Oscar winning films, but I haven't seen that one.
3.	You can choose topic, immigration or prison reform, for your research paper.
4.	I will ask person since you aren't certain of the answer.
5.	I like color in a rainbow.